



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

UNIVERSITY AND EDUCATIONAL NEWS.

THE Minnesota Legislature has appropriated \$60,000 for the College of Engineering of the State University.

THE University of Cambridge conferred last year degrees as follows: M.D., 13; Sc.D., one; Litt.D., one; Mus.D., one; B.D., three; M.A., 342; LL.M., 11; M.B., 49; B.Ch., 61; B.A., 668; LL.B., 44; Mus.B., two.

A PROPOSAL is before the German Federal Council to admit to the medical course in the University students who have certificates from the Realschule, instead of insisting as heretofore upon the classical training of the Gymnasia. The Berlin Medical Society, at a recent meeting, discussed, according to the *British Medical Journal*, this question, and passed a resolution affirming that the certificate of classical instruction should alone give the right of admission to the medical examinations, but on the proposition of Professor Virchow it was agreed to add the declaration that the admission of pupils from modern schools to the medical classes should be subject to the same rules as in the other faculties.

FOR some time there has been an agitation in Liverpool to have a university established in that city. We learn from the *London Times* that Mr. A. L. Jones, of Messrs. Elder, Dempster, and Co., has brought the subject under notice in a practical form. At a recent dinner in commemoration of the new steamer, *Sekondi*, just added to the West African fleet of Messrs. Elder, Dempster, and Co., being about to start on her maiden voyage, Mr. Jones, in proposing 'The African Trade,' said that they had a tropical school in Liverpool which had done a great deal to reduce mortality from tropical diseases, and they hoped to have a cathedral and a university. He would be delighted to see a university established, and would be pleased to give a contribution of £5,000 towards that purpose. That was not much, and he was glad to think that the contributions to follow would be much larger. Manchester men did not treat their native city as Liverpool men did. Liverpool must have a cathedral and a university, and not continue

to shirk her responsibilities. Mr. A. F. Warr, M.P., in proposing 'The Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine,' said that they would not have discharged their duties until they had established a cathedral and university in the city. Professor Boyce responded, and referred to the loss sustained by the death of Dr. Myers, whose family had given £1,000 to the school, and his brother £500. They had established an absolutely international school, which had served as an example to others. Fellowships had been established at University College for the benefit of colonials and others, and the school has shown what a success a real university could be made in Liverpool.

MR. SAMUEL M. COULTER, fellow at Chicago University, has been appointed instructor in botany at Washington University.

AT Columbia University the John Tyndall Fellowship has been awarded to Mr. Berger Davis of New York and the Barnard Fellowship to Mr. J. A. Matthews of Columbia University, now carrying on chemical research in London. University fellowships in the sciences have been awarded as follows:

Robert Henry Bradford, Salt Lake City, Utah, metallurgy.

William Austin Cannon, Washington, Mich., botany.

Fellowship in chemistry to be awarded to an alternate.

William Jones, Sac and Fox Agency, Oklahoma, anthropology.

James Franklin Messenger, Cambridge, Mass., psychology.

Austin Flint Rogers, New York, mineralogy.

Walter Stanborough Sutton, Kansas City, Kansas, zoology.

Charles Partridge Weston, Orono, Me., mechanics.

James Mickel Williams, New York, sociology.

DR. E. OVERTON, docent in the University of Zurich, has been called to an associate professorship of physiology in the University at Würzburg.

DR. F. REINITZER has been promoted to a full professorship of botany in the Technical Institute at Graz.